

Panaji, 2nd August, 2007 (Sravana 11, 1929)

SERIES I No. 18

# OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT OF GOA GAZETTE



*Note: There is one Supplement and one Extraordinary issue to the Official Gazette Series, I No. 17 dated 26-7-2007 namely, as follows:—*

- (1) Supplement dated 31-7-2007 from pages 631 to 634 regarding Bill from Goa Legislature Secretariat.
- (2) Extraordinary dated 31-7-2007 from pages 635 to 638 regarding Notification from Department of Law & Judiciary (Legal Affairs Division).

## GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Goa Legislature Secretariat

### Notification

LA/B/ESTT/1114/2007

In exercise of the powers conferred under Article 187 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Goa, after consultation with the Speaker of the Goa Legislative Assembly is hereby pleased to make the following rules relating to recruitment to the Group 'B' (Gazetted) posts in the Goa Legislature Secretariat in supersession of the existing Recruitment Rules for the relevant post.

1. *Short title.*— These rules may be called the Goa Legislature Secretariat Group 'B' (Gazetted) Recruitment Rules, 2007.

2. *Application.*— These rules shall apply to the post specified in column 1 of the Schedule to these rules (hereinafter called as the "said Schedule").

3. *Number, classification and scales of Pay.*— The number of posts, classification of the said post and the scale of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in Column 2 to 4 of the said Schedule.

4. *Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications.*— The method of recruitment to the said post, age limit, qualification and the other matters connected therewith shall be as specified in columns 5 to 13 of the aforesaid Schedule.

5. *Disqualification.*— No person (1) who has entered into or contracted a marriage with a person having a spouse living; or

(2) who, having a spouse living has entered into or contracted a marriage with any person, shall be eligible for appointment to the service:

Provided that the Government may, if satisfied that such marriage is permissible under the personal law applicable to such person and the other party to the marriage and that there are other grounds for so doing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

6. *Power to relax.*— Where the Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may by order, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.

7. *Saving.*— Nothing in these rules shall affect reservations, relaxation of age limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Government from time to time in this regard.

8. These rules will come into force with immediate effect.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

T. N. Dhruvakumar, Secretary (Legislature).

Porvorim, 18th July, 2007.

**SCHEDULE**

Name of the post	Number of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Whether age & educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruit	Period of probation, if any	Method of recruitment, whether by direct recruitment or by deputation/transfer	In case of recruitment by promotion/ deputation/transfer, grades from which promotion/ deputation/transfer is to be made and percentage of vacancies to be filled by various methods.	If a D. P. C exists, what is its composition	Circumstances in which Union Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Section Officer.	As sanctioned from time to time.	Group 'B', Gazetted.	Rs. 6500-200-10500.	Selection.	Not exceeding 40 years (Relaxable for Government by 5 years).	(i) Degree of Bachelor of Law of a recognized University. (ii) Sound knowledge of the procedure of Legislature Secretariat and Constitutional Law.	N. A.	Two years.	Promotion, failing which direct recruitment.	<i>Promotion:</i> Senior Assistant having atleast 3 years of service in the grade.	Appointment shall be made by the Governor after consultation with the 'Board'.	N. A.

**Notification**

LA/B/ESTT/1115/2007

In exercise of the powers conferred under Clause (3) of Article 187 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Goa, after consultation with the Speaker of the Goa Legislative Assembly is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the Goa Legislature Secretariat (Recruitment and Conditions of Service) Rules, 1988, namely:—

**AMENDMENT**

For the existing sub-Clause (1) and sub-clause (2) of Rule 4 (8) substitute the following:—

“(8) *Vacancy on Board.*— (1) In the event of a vacancy in the office of the Speaker or in the event of his being prevented from performing his duties by any clause whatever, the powers and duties of the Board shall be exercised by Secretary who shall administer the Legislature Secretariat and the Powers and duties of the Board shall be exercised by him.

(2) In the event of a vacancy in the office of the Speaker or in the event of his being prevented from performing his duties by any cause whatever, the Secretary shall, subject to the directions, if any, of the Governor, administer the Legislature Secretariat:

Provided that any matter which requires the approval or sanction of or consultation with the Board or Special Board and which can without detriment to the Public interest be deferred until a new Speaker is chosen or until is capable of performing his duties shall be deferred by the Secretary.”

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

*T. N. Dhruvakumar*, Secretary (Legislature).

Porvorim, 18th July, 2007.

## Department of Law &amp; Judiciary

Legal Affairs Division

**Notification**

10/2/2007-LA

The National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (Amendment) Ordinance 2007 (Ordinance No. 2 of 2007), which has been promulgated by the President in the Fifty-eighth Year of the Republic of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, section 1, No. 12, dated 29-1-2007, is hereby published for general information of the public.

*Sharad G. Marathe*, Joint Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 21st February, 2007.

## MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

**(Legislative Department)**

*New Delhi, the 29th January, 2007/9 Magha,  
1928 (Saka)*

THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL EDUCATION AND RESEARCH  
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2007

No. 2 of 2007

*Promulgated by the President in the Fifty-eighth  
Year of the Republic of India.*

An Ordinance further to amend the National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research Act, 1998.

Whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) This Ordinance may be called the National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research (Amendment) Ordinance, 2007.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of section 3.*— In the National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research Act, 1998 <sup>13 of 1998.</sup> (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in section 3, for clause (g), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(g) “Institute” means a National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education and Research established under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2A) of section 4;”.

3. *Amendment of section 4.*— In the principal Act, in section 4,—

(i) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(2A) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, establish similar Institutes in different parts of the country.”;

(ii) in sub-section (3),—

(A) for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(d) the Secretary, Technical Education, Government of the State within which the Institute is situated, *ex officio*.”;

(B) after clause (j), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(ja) a representative of the Pharmacy Council of India.”.

4. *Insertion of new section 4A.*— In the principal Act, after section 4, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

*Centres of Institute.*— “4A. An Institute, with the prior approval of the Central Government, may, by notification in the Official Gazette, establish one or more centres in different locations within its jurisdiction.”.

A. P. J. ABDUL KALAM,  
*President.*

K. N. CHATURVEDI,  
*Secy. to the Government of India.*

**Notification**

10/2/2007-LA

The Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with Prasar Bharati) Ordinance 2007 (Ordinance No. 4 of 2007), which has been promulgated by the President in the Fifty-eighth Year of the Republic of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, section 1, No. 14, dated 2-2-2007, is hereby published for general information of the public.

*Sharad G. Marathe*, Joint Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 21st February, 2007.

---

**MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE**

**(Legislative Department)**

*New Delhi, the 2nd February, 2007/13 Magha,  
1928 (Saka)*

**THE SPORTS BROADCASTING SIGNALS  
(MANDATORY SHARING WITH PRASAR  
BHARATI) ORDINANCE, 2007**

No. 4 of 2007

*Promulgated by the President in the Fifty-eighth  
Year of the Republic of India.*

An Ordinance to provide access to the largest number of listeners and viewers, on a free to air basis, of sporting events of national importance through mandatory sharing of sports broadcasting signals with Prasar Bharati and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

**CHAPTER I**

**Preliminary**

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*— (1) This Ordinance may be called the Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with Prasar Bharati) Ordinance, 2007.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) Save as otherwise provided, it shall be deemed to have come into force on the 11th day of November, 2005.

2. *Definitions.*— (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “broadcaster” means any person who provides a content broadcasting service and includes a broadcasting network service provider when he manages and operates his own television or radio channel service;

(b) “broadcasting” means assembling and programming any form of communication content, like signs, signals, writing, pictures, images and sounds, and either placing it in the electronic form on electro-magnetic waves on specified frequencies and transmitting it through space or cables to make it continuously available on the carrier waves, or continuously streaming it in digital data form on the computer networks, so as to be accessible to single or multiple users through receiving devices either directly or indirectly; and all its grammatical variations and cognate expressions;

(c) “Broadcasting service” means assembling, programming and placing communication content in electronic form on the electro-magnetic waves on specified frequencies and transmitting it continuously through broadcasting network or networks so as to enable all or any of the multiple users to access it by connecting their receiver devices to their respective broadcasting networks and includes the content broadcasting services and the broadcasting network services;

(d) “broadcasting network service” means a service, which provides a network of infrastructure of cables or transmitting devices for carrying broadcasting content in electronic form on specified frequencies by means of guided or unguided electro-magnetic waves to multiple users, and includes the management and operation of any of the following:

(i) Teleport/Hub/Earth Station,

(ii) Direct-to-Home (DTH) Broadcasting Network,

(iii) Multi-system Cable Television Network,

(iv) Local Cable Television Network,

(v) Satellite Radio Broadcasting Network,

(vi) any other network service as may be prescribed by the Central Government;

(e) "cable television channel service" means the assembly, programming and transmission by cables of any broadcasting television content on a given set of frequencies to multiple subscribers;

(f) "cable television network" means any system consisting of closed transmission paths and associated signal generation, control and distribution equipment, designed to receive and re-transmit television channels or programmes for reception by multiple subscribers;

(g) "community radio service" means terrestrial radio broadcasting intended and restricted only to a specific community and within specified territory;

(h) "content" means any sound, text, data, picture (still or moving), other audiovisual representation, signal or intelligence of any nature or any combination thereof which is capable of being created, processed, stored, retrieved or communicated electronically;

(i) "content broadcasting service" means the assembling, programming and placing content in electronic form and transmitting or retransmitting the same on electromagnetic waves on specified frequencies, on a broadcasting network so as to make it available for access by multiple users by connecting their receiving devices to the network, and includes the management and operation of any of the following:

- (i) terrestrial television service,
- (ii) terrestrial radio service,
- (iii) satellite television service,
- (iv) satellite radio service,
- (v) cable television channel service,
- (vi) community radio service,

(vii) any other content broadcasting services as may be prescribed by the Central Government;

(j) "Direct-to-Home (DTH) broadcasting service" means a service for multi-channel

distribution of programmes direct to a subscriber's premises without passing through an intermediary such as a cable operator by uplinking to a satellite system;

(k) "Guidelines" means the Guidelines issued under section 5;

(l) "multi-system cable television network" means a system for multi-channel downlinking and distribution of television programmes by a land-based transmission system using wired cable or wireless cable or a combination of both for simultaneous reception either by multiple subscribers directly or through one or more local cable operators;

(m) "Prasar Bharati" means the Corporation known as the Prasar Bharati (Broadcasting Corporation of India) established under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Prasar Bharati (Broadcasting Corporation of India) Act, 1990;

25 of 1990.

(n) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance;

(o) "satellite television service" means a television broadcasting service provided by using a satellite, and received with or without the help of a local delivery system but does not include Direct-to-Home delivery service;

(p) "satellite radio service" means a radio broadcasting service provided by using a satellite and directly receivable through receiver sets by multiple subscribers in India;

(q) "service provider" means provider of a broadcasting service;

(r) "specified" means specified under the Guidelines issued under section 5;

(s) "sporting events of national importance" means such national or international sporting events, held in India or abroad, as may be notified by the Central Government in the Official Gazette to be of national importance;

(t) "terrestrial television service" means a television broadcasting service provided over the air by using a land-based transmitter and directly received through receiver sets by the public;

(u) "terrestrial radio service" means a radio broadcasting service provided over the air by using a land-based transmitter and directly received through receiver sets by the public.

(2) Words and expressions used and not defined in this Ordinance and defined in the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995, the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Act, 1997, the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885, the Indian Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933 shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those Acts.

## CHAPTER II

### Mandatory sharing of Sports Broadcasting Signals with Prasar Bharati

3. *Mandatory sharing of certain sports broadcasting signals.*— (1) No content rights owner or holder and no television or radio broadcasting service provider shall carry a live television broadcast on any cable or Direct-to-Home network or radio commentary broadcast in India of sporting events of national importance, unless it simultaneously shares the live broadcasting signal, without its advertisements, with the Prasar Bharati to enable them to re-transmit the same on its terrestrial networks and Direct-to-Home networks in such manner and on such terms and conditions as may be specified.

(2) The terms and conditions under sub-section (1) shall also provide that the advertisement revenue sharing between the content rights owner or holder and the Prasar Bharati shall be in the ratio of not less than 75:25 in case of television coverage and 50:50 in case of radio coverage.

(3) The Central Government may specify a percentage of the revenue received by the Prasar Bharati under sub-section (2), which shall be utilised by the Prasar Bharati for broadcasting other sporting events.

4. *Penalties.*— The Central Government may specify penalties to be imposed, including suspension or revocation of licence, permission or registration, for violation of various terms and conditions as may be specified under section 3, subject to the condition that amount of a pecuniary penalty shall not exceed one crore rupees:

Provided that no penalty shall be imposed without giving a reasonable opportunity to the service provider:

Provided further that no act or omission on the part of any person after the 11th November, 2005 and before the date of promulgation of the Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with Prasar Bharati) Ordinance, 2007 shall be subjected to penalties.

## CHAPTER III

### Powers of the Central Government to issue Guidelines

5. *Power of the Central Government to issue Guidelines.*— The Central Government shall take all such measures, as it deems fit or expedient, by way of issuing Guidelines for mandatory sharing of broadcasting signals with Prasar Bharati relating to sporting events of national importance:

Provided that the Guidelines issued before the promulgation of the Sports Broadcasting Signals (Mandatory Sharing with Prasar Bharati) Ordinance, 2007 shall be deemed to have been issued validly under the provisions of the section.

## CHAPTER IV

### Miscellaneous

6. *Validation.*— (1) The provisions of the Guidelines issued by the Central Government for Downlinking of Television Channels on the 11th November, 2005 and for Uplinking from India on the 2nd December, 2005 for mandatory sharing of the sports broadcasting signals shall be deemed to be valid as if they have been issued under this Ordinance.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgement, decree or order of any court, tribunal or other authority, any action taken by the Central Government or the Prasar Bharati in pursuance of the guidelines referred to in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to be and to have always been for all purposes in accordance with the law, as if the Guidelines had been validly in force at all material times and notwithstanding anything as aforesaid and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, no legal proceeding shall be maintained or continued in any court for the enforcement of any direction given by any court or any decree or order which would not have been so given had the Guidelines been validly in force at all material times.

7. *Power of the Central Government to make rules.*— The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance.

8. *Rules and Guidelines to be laid before Parliament.*— Every rule and Guidelines made and issued, as the case may be, under this Ordinance shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made or issued, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or Guidelines, or both Houses agree that the rule or Guidelines should not be made, the rule or Guidelines shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or Guidelines.

9. *Saving.*— The relevant provisions under the Guidelines for Downlinking of Television Channels issued on the 11th November, 2005 and the Guidelines for Uplinking from India issued on the 2nd December, 2005 for mandatory sharing of sports broadcasting signals with Prasar Bharati, shall continue to remain in force till fresh Guidelines are issued under this Ordinance.

A. P. J. ABDUL KALAM,  
*President.*

K. N. CHATURVEDI,  
*Secy. to the Government of India.*

### Notification

10/2/2005-LA (Part)

The Banking Regulation (Amendment) Ordinance, 2007 (Ordinance No. 1 of 2007), which has been promulgated by the President in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Republic of India and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, section 1, No. 11, dated 23-1-2007, is hereby published for general information of the public.

Sharad G. Marathe, Joint Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 19th February, 2007.

## MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

### (Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 23rd January, 2007/3 Magha,  
1928 (Saka)

## THE BANKING REGULATION (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2007

No. 1 of 2007

*Promulgated by the President in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Republic of India.*

An Ordinance further to amend the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

Whereas the Banking Regulation (Amendment) Bill, 2005 to further amend the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 was introduced in the House of the People, but has not been passed;

And whereas Parliament is not in session and the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary for him to take immediate action to give effect to some of the provisions of the said Bill and to make amendment to the Banking Regulation Act, 1949;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 123 of the Constitution, the President is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) This Ordinance may be called the Banking Regulation (Amendment) Ordinance, 2007.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of section 24.*— In section 24 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (hereinafter referred to as the 10 of 1949. principal Act),—

(a) sub-section (1) and (2) shall be omitted;

(b) for sub-section (2A), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2A) A scheduled bank, in addition to the average daily balance which it is, or may be, required to maintain under section 42 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and every other banking company, in addition to the cash reserve which it is required to maintain under section 18, shall maintain in India, assets, the value of which shall not be less than such percentage not exceeding forty per cent of the total of its demand and time 2 of 1934.

liabilities in India as on the last Friday of the second preceding fortnight as the Reserve Bank may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify from time to time and such assets shall be maintained, in such form and manner, as may be specified in such notification.”;

(c) sub-section (2B) shall be omitted.

3. *Amendment of section 53.*— In section 53 of the principal Act,—

(i) In sub-section (1), the words and figures “or any of their branches functioning or located in any Special Economic Zone established under the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005” 28 of 2005. shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-section (2), in the opening portion, for the words, brackets and figure “A copy of every notification proposed to be issued under sub-section (1), shall be laid in draft before each House of Parliament”, the following words, brackets and figures shall be substituted, namely:—

“A copy of every notification proposed to be issued under sub-section (1) relating to any banking company or institution or any class of banking companies or any branch of a banking company or an institution, as the case may be, functioning or located in any Special Economic Zone established under the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 shall be laid 28 of 2005. in draft before each House of Parliament”.

A. P. J. ABDUL KALAM,  
*President.*

-----  
K. N. CHATURVEDI,  
*Secy. to the Government of India.*

-----◆◆◆-----  
Department of Revenue

-----  
**Corrigendum**

38-1-2006-RD

Ref: Circular No. 38-1-2006-RD, dated 13-2-2007 and published in the Official Gazette, Sr. I No. 48 dated 1-3-2007.

*Sub:* Procedure for issue of Domicile Certificate and period of validity.

The circular referred to above wherein the subject shall be Read as “**Procedure for issue of Residential Certificate and period of validity**” instead of “**Procedure for issue of Domicile Certificate and period of validity**”.

Wherever the word “Domicile” is appearing in the Circular shall be read as “**Residential Certificate**”.

The rest of the contents remain the same.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

D. M. Redkar, Under Secretary (Revenue-I).

Porvorim, 27th July, 2007.

-----◆◆◆-----  
Department of Social Welfare

Directorate of Social Welfare

-----  
**Notification**

50-390-2006-07-HC

The Government of Goa is pleased to announce a scheme to provide Residential School to the **Visually Disabled Children** as follows:—

1. *Object.*— It is estimated that there are about 4000-5000 visual disabled persons in the State of Goa. Due to their visual disabilities and financial conditions of the parents they are unable to take required education. Hence to protect the interest of education of this section of the society “special School for visually disabled” – “**Surdas**” is needed where these Children can complete their education in **Braille** and develop their status.

2. *Target group.*— All the children who's visual **disabilities more than 40%** as certified by the Medical authority are eligible to attend these schools with the consent of their legal guardians, appointed under the **National Trust Act**.

3. *Construction & Management of the School.*— The construction and management of the school done by the Institute of Public Assistance



(Provedoria) or any other Non Governmental Organization.

The State Government will provide following financial assistance to the Provedoria or any other Non Governmental Organization for construction and to run such school.

*Non-recurring Grant:*

Grant for construction of Residential School having a capacity of minimum 30 students — Rs. 50 lakhs.

*Recurring grants:*

(1) Purchase of equipments once in three Years (for 30 students) — Rs. 1 lakh.

(2) Cost of maintenance per student per month — Rs. 1000/-.

*4. Other conditions.—*

1. The Government Chief Architect shall approve specification of the building.
2. The assets so created cannot be use for any other purpose except for the mentally retarded persons residential schools.
3. The grants will be released in two equal installments.
4. While receiving the grants an undertaking that the work will be started with in a period of one month and funds so allotted will be utilized in a period of six months.
5. The Provedoria shall appoint **Qualified Braille Teachers** @ one teacher for 10 children.
6. The grants for the subsequent years will be released only after production of Audited Statement and Utilization certificate. However ad hoc grant for a period of 3 months will be released if the applicant organizations submitted U. C. of 1st installment in previous year.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

*N. D. Agrawal*, Director of Social Welfare & ex officio Joint Secretary.

Panaji, 23rd July, 2007.

**Notification**

50-354-2002-03-HC/PART/2332

Government is pleased to amend the Rules regulating the Dayanand Social Security Scheme called "**Goa Dayanand Social Security Scheme Rules – 2001**" as under:—

1. *Short title, commencement and applicability.*— (1) These Rules shall be called "**Goa Dayanand Social Security Scheme (Amendment), Rules, 2007**".

(2) They shall come into force from the date of publication in the Official Gazette.

2. *Insertion of new Rule.*— "**11-A** Recovery of Financial Assistance:

After Rule 11 of the Goa Dayanand Social Security Schemes Rules, 2001, the following new rule shall be inserted, namely:—

**"11-A— Recovery of Financial Assistance:**  
**If the Financial Assistance is obtained by suppression or misrepresentation of material facts or by filling more than one application, the same shall be recovered as arrears of Land Revenue".**

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

*N. D. Agrawal*, Director of Social Welfare & ex officio Joint Secretary.

Panaji, 20th July, 2007.